Iveco Axle Oil HL 85W-140

Version 1.0	Revision Date 25.08.2020	Print Date 28.08.2020					
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CO	SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION						
Product name	: Iveco Axle Oil HL 85W-140						
Product code	: 00115280						
Manufacturer or supplier's Supplier Telephone	details : Shell Markets (Middle East) Limit 8th floor, Dubai Convention Towe Za'abeel 307 Dubai Utd.Arab Emir. : (+971) 800035704494						
Telefax	: (+971) 43321591						
Emergency telephone number Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: +60383168800 (OUTSIDE UAE); UAE) : lubricantSDS@shell.com	; 800035704494 (WITHIN					
Recommended use of the c	chemical and restrictions on use						

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Recommended use : Transmission oil.

	Disposal:
	Storage: No precautionary phrases.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Hazard statements :	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Signal word :	No signal word
Hazard pictograms :	No Hazard Symbol required
hazard GHS label elements	
•	Category 3

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disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-

9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
Alkyl dithiophosphate	255881-94-8	Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.25 - 0.9
Alkenyl amine	112-90-3	Acute Tox.4; H302 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Skin Corr.1; H314 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.25 - 0.9
Alkyl amine	111-86-4	Acute Tox.3; H301 Acute Tox.3; H311 Skin Corr.1; H314 Eye Dam.1; H318 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT SE3; H335 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Flam. Liq.3; H226 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	0.1 - 0.9

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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.		

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES				
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.			
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 			
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 			
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.			
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. 			
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.			
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.			

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained

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	Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).		
Hazchem Code	: NONE		
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
Personal precautions,	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		

protective equipment and emergency procedures	•	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	•	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Version 1.0	Revision Date 25.08.2020 Store at ambient temperature.	Print Date 28.08.2020
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers o steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	0
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should no temperatures because of possible	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters	
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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will

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	vary depending upon potential exposu controls based on a risk assessment of Appropriate measures include:	
	Adequate ventilation to control airborn	e concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or r greater potential for airborne concentra	
	General Information:	
	Define procedures for safe handling an controls.	nd maintenance of
	Educate and train workers in the haza measures relevant to normal activities product.	
	Ensure appropriate selection, testing a equipment used to control exposure, e equipment, local exhaust ventilation.	
	Drain down system prior to equipment maintenance.	break-in or
	Retain drain downs in sealed storage p subsequent recycle.	pending disposal or
	Always observe good personal hygien washing hands after handling the mate drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely w	erial and before eating, ash work clothing and
	protective equipment to remove contai contaminated clothing and footwear th Practice good housekeeping.	
Personal protective equipment		

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber

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	gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duratic resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn of gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	on of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective hand in clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we re recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this of time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are foller a good predictor of glove resistan dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. Fo ecommend the same but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is no ce to a chemical as it is ion of the glove material. ly greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemic	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to full relevant environmental protection contamination of the environment Section 6. If necessary, prevent to being discharged to waste water. treated in a municipal or industria before discharge to surface water Local guidelines on emission limit must be observed for the discharg vapour.	legislation. Avoid by following advice given in undissolved material from Waste water should be I waste water treatment plan s for volatile substances

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -15 °C / 5 °FMethod: ISO 3016

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Melting / freezing point		Data not available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)	
Flash point	:	225 °C / 437 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	:	0.910 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	:	910 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6(based on information on s	similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	:	29.6 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
		435 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	:	Data not available	

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Version 1.0 Conductivity	Revision Date 25.08.2020 : This material is not expected to be	Print Date 28.08.2020 a static accumulator.
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND	REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any furt addition to those listed in the follow	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents) .
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct	t sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	

Hazardous decomposition	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
products	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	Basis for assessment
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Ecotoxicity

Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l

Components:

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Alkenyl amine :		
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term	: 10 : 10	
(chronic) aquatic hazard)	. 10	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable inherently biodegradable, but contai persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.	h the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on inf products)	ormation on similar
lobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most enviror Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion poterozone creation potential or global war is a mixture of non-volatile componereleased to air in any significant quar conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes phyrorganisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic to organisms at concentrations less that 	arming potential., Product ents, which will not be intities under normal rsical fouling of aquatic pxicity to aquatic

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

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	Waste product should not be allowed ground water, or be disposed of into the Waste, spills or used product is danged	ne environment.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing to a recognized collector or contractor the collector or contractor should be e Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulation	The competence of stablished beforehand.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulatior	

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared

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as per national model coc	le of practice for preparation of safety data	sheet for Hazardous
chemicals 2011 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 3.		
National Model Code of P	Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Haza	ardous Chemicals (2011).
Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard		
for the Uniform Schedulin	g of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).	

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

:	All components listed or polymer exempt. All components listed. All components listed.
•	All components listed.
	:

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H226	Flommable liquid and vanour
	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full tout of othe	a characteria na

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation

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Further information

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

AU / EN